# **OUR CHILDREN**

### **CHILDREN'S INPATIENT READMISSION REPORT**



01/24/2014



FISCAL YEAR 2012-13





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CHILDREN'S INPATIENT READMISSION REPORT FY 2012-13

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

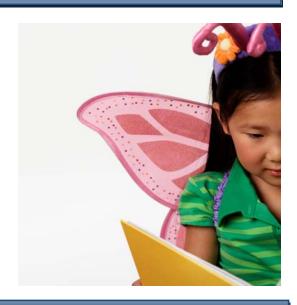
SECTION 1: INTRODUCTION	P. 3
SECTION 2: DEFINITIONS	P. 3
SECTION 3: METHODOLOGY	P. 4
SECTION 4: CHILDREN (0-17) AT FFS HOSPITALS	P. 5
SECTION 5: TAY (18-24) AT FFS HOSPITALS	P. 9
SECTION 6: CHILDREN (0-17) AT RADY'S CAPS HOSPITAL	P. 13
SECTION 7: TAY (18) AT RADY'S CAPS HOSPITAL	P. 17
SECTION 8: SIDE BY SIDE VIEW FFS	P. 21
SECTION 9: SIDE BY SIDE VIEW RADY'S CAPS	P. 23
SECTION 10: SUMMARY	P. 25



### **SECTION 1. INTRODUCTION**

Mental health is the state of emotional and psychological well-being in which an individual can meet the demands of every day life. A child's mental heath affects the way he or she learns, relates to the world and builds connections with others. When children are hospitalized for a mental health condition it affects the entire family unit. It is estimated that one out of eight U.S. children has had some form of an emotional or behavioral health disorder in the past year (Merikangas et al., 2010). From 1986 to 2005, mental health care expenditures increased for all types of providers. Overall in 2005, \$113 billion dollars were spent on mental health care. Mental heath care costs are rising and hospital readmissions have an effect on tat increase.

The goal of this report is to understand children and Transition Age Youth (TAY) who are challenged with mental health diagnosis and have readmitted to psychiatric hospitals in the County of San Diego. This report compares children and TAY who have 30 day readmissions to children and TAY with no readmissions. With this analysis we hope to gain new insights into these children and TAY in the San Diego system of care.



### **SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS**

**Groups:** For the purposes of this report we will look at two groups:

- Group A is composed of clients with no readmissions or readmissions that fell outside of the 30 day readmissions range.
- Group B is composed of clients with 30 day readmissions.

**Readmissions:** Readmission rate is defined as the percentage of patients who had at least one readmission within a 30 day period. These clients were rehospitalized to the same or a different psychiatric hospital within 30 days of their last discharge.

<u>Unique/Unduplicated client:</u> A unique or unduplicated client is a participant who is counted only once within a given dataset. Datasets can change based on procedure codes, facilities, time frames, pay sources or any number of variables, depending on the data in review.

<sup>1.</sup> Merikangas, K. R., He, J.-P., Brody, D., Fisher, P. W., Bourdon, K., & Koretz, D. S. (2010). Prevalence and treatment of mental disorders among US children in the 2001–2004 NHANES. *Pediatrics*, 125(1), 75–81.

<sup>2.</sup> Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. (2012). Mental Health, United States, 2010. HHS Publication No. (SMA) 12-4681. Rockville, MD: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. P.43.

### **SECTION 3. METHODOLOGY**

For the purposes of this report we used the Client-Based method which focused on unique (unduplicated) clients who were hospitalized during FY 2012-13. The benefit of using a Client-Based method is to narrow the data to a particular set of unique individuals in the system.

#### **Example:**

There were 437 unique children in fee-for-service hospitals during FY 2012-13, out of those, there were 61 unique clients who readmitted to a hospital within 30 days.

The Client-Based method calculates readmissions as follows:

Unique Clients with Readmissions Divided by Total Clients with Admissions = Readmission Rate (%)

61 ÷ 437 = 14%



#### Considerations:

- All data for this report was extracted from San Diego Health and Human Services Agency, Behavioral Health Services
   Anasazi software.
- This report includes data extracted at one point in time. The actual data may vary over time due to retroactive entry of data, Anasazi software promotions or fixes or updates to data methods.
- All client counts are unique or unduplicated.





# SECTION 4. CHILDREN (0-17) AT FEE-FOR-SERVICE HOSPITALS



#### 4.1: CHILDREN AT FFS HOSPITALS (0-17) ADMISSIONS AND READMISSIONS

TABLE 1: NUMBER OF CLIENTS AND PERCENTAGE OF ADMISSIONS AND READMISSIONS BY GROUP

Groups	Clients	%	Admissions	%
Group A: No readmissions	376	86%	430	70%
Group B: Readmissions	61	14%	182	30%
Totals	437	100%	612	100%

- 86% of children have no readmissions and account for 70% of total yearly hospital admissions.
- 14% of children have readmissions and account for 30% of total yearly hospital admissions.

FIGURE 1. CLIENTS AT FFS (0-17)

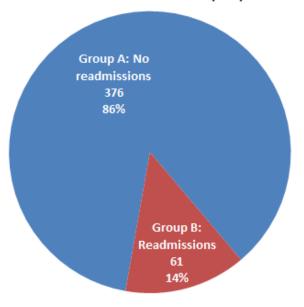
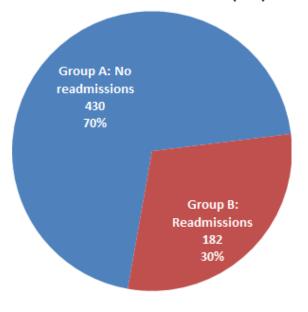


FIGURE 2: ADMISSIONS AT FFS (0-17)

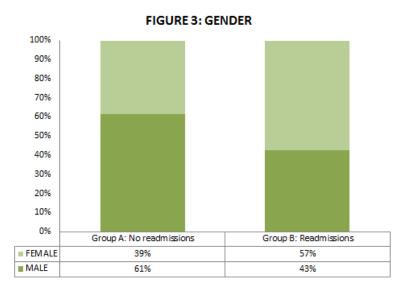








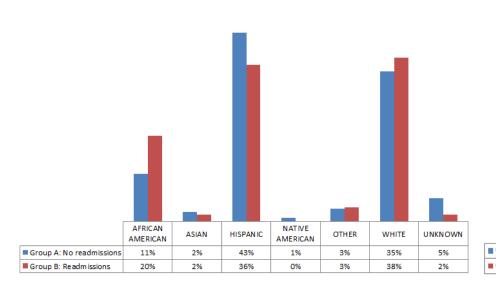
#### **4.3: CLIENT DEMOGRAPHICS**

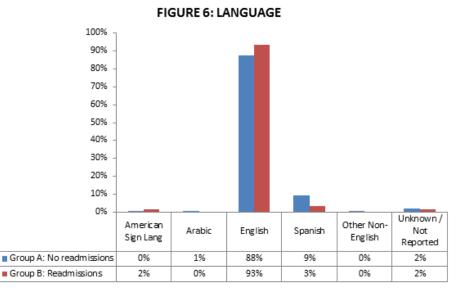


100% 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% Group A: No readmissions Group B: Readmissions **12-17** 89% 84% **6-11** 11% 16%

FIGURE 4: AGE

FIGURE 5: RACE





• At FFS hospitals readmissions seem to be more common in children who are female, are between the ages of 12 and 17, are White and speak English.





#### 4.4: CLIENT DEMOGRAPHICS CONT.

**TABLE 2: CLIENT'S LIVING SITUATION** 

Living Situation	Group A: No re	admissions	Group B: Re	eadmissions
Children's Shelter	5	1%	1	2%
Community Tx Fac(Child Locked)	1	0%	0	0%
Correctional Facility	13	3%	2	3%
Foster Home - Child	7	2%	0	0%
Group Home (Child Lvl 1-12)	29	8%	13	21%
Homeless/In Shelter	3	1%	1	2%
House or Apartment	287	76%	32	52%
House or Apt w/ Support	11	3%	2	3%
Inpatient Psych Hospital	0	0%	1	2%
Other	2	1%	0	0%
Resid Tx Ctr-Child (Lvl 13-14)	14	4%	8	13%
SNF/ICF/IMD	1	0%	0	0%
Sub Abuse Resid Rehab Ctr	2	1%	1	2%
Unknown	1	0%	0	0%
Total	376	100%	61	100.0%

#### **4.6: CLIENT DIAGNOSIS INFORMATION**

FIGURE 8: PRIORITY 1 MENTAL HEALTH DIAGNOSIS AT DISCHARGE

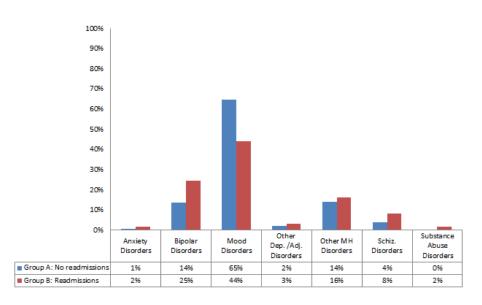
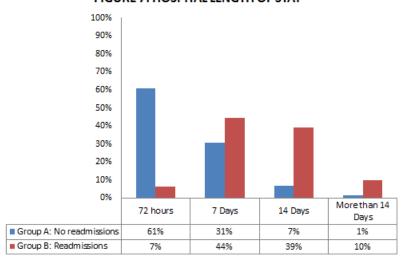
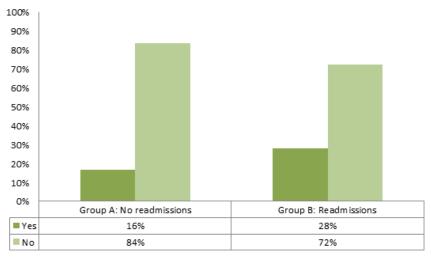


FIGURE 7: HOSPITAL LENGTH OF STAY



### FIGURE 9: SUBSTANCE ABUSE DIAGNOSIS (ANY AXIS)



At FFS hospitals readmissions seem to be more common in children who live in a group home or residential treatment facility. The average length of stay for these children is seven days long, they struggle with mood disorders, and have a higher incidence of substance abuse diagnosis than the children with no readmissions.



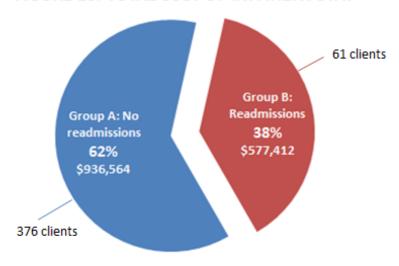


#### **SECTION 4.7: YEARLY COST**

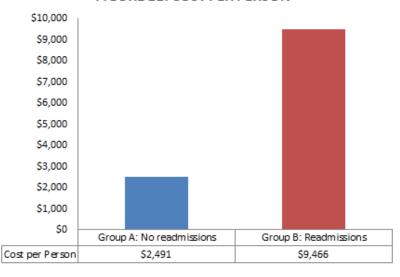
#### TABLE 3: COST FOR CHILDREN AT FFS HOSPITALS

GROUPS	Client Count	Admissions	Acute Days	Acute %	Acute Cost	Admin Days	Admin %	Admin Cost	Bed Days %	Total Days	Total Cost	Percent	Cost P/P
Group A: No readmissions	376	430	1,573	97%	\$915,788	49	3%	\$20,776	62%	1,622	\$936,564	62%	\$2,491
Group B: Readmissions	61	182	972	96%	\$560,028	41	4%	\$17,384	38%	1,013	\$577,412	38%	\$9,466
TOTAL	S 437	612	2,545		\$1,475,816	90		\$38,160	100%	2,635	\$1,513,976	100%	

#### FIGURE 10: TOTAL COST OF INPATIENT STAY



#### FIGURE 11: COST PER PERSON



- At FFS hospitals 86% of children that are hospitalized have no readmissions and account for 62% of the total yearly inpatient cost. The average yearly cost per person is \$2,491.
- At FFS hospitals 14% of children that are hospitalized have readmissions and account for 38% of the total yearly inpatient cost. The average yearly cost per person is \$9,466.

# SECTION 5 . TRANSITIONAL AGE YOUTH (18-24) AT FEE-FOR-SERVICE HOSPITALS



#### 5.1: TAY AT FFS HOSPITALS (18-24) ADMISSIONS AND READMISSIONS

TABLE 4: NUMBER OF TAY CLIENTS AND PERCENTAGE OF ADMISSIONS AND READMISSIONS BY GROUP

Groups	Clients	%	Admissions	%
Group A: No readmissions	363	83%	432	59%
Group B: Readmissions	76	17%	305	41%
Totals	439	100%	737	100%

- 83% of TAY have no readmissions and account for 59% of total yearly hospital admissions.
- 14% of TAY have readmissions and account for 41% of total yearly hospital admissions.

FIG. 12: TAY CLIENTS AT FFS (18-24)

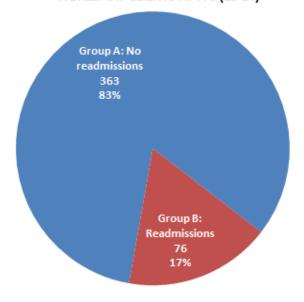
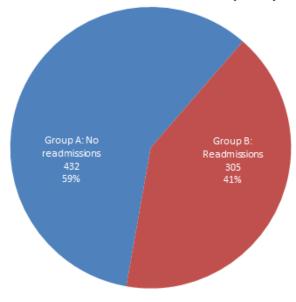


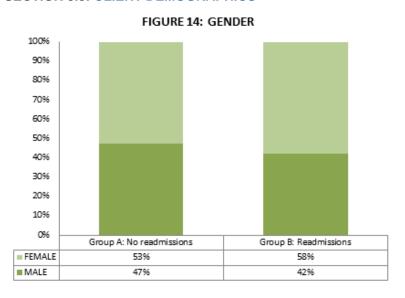
FIGURE 13: TAY ADMISSIONS AT FFS (18-24)

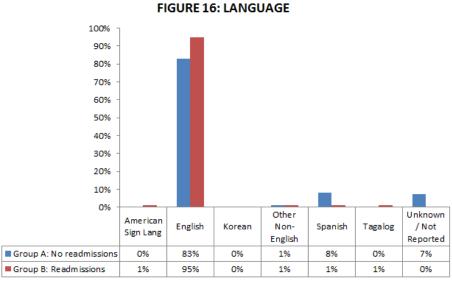


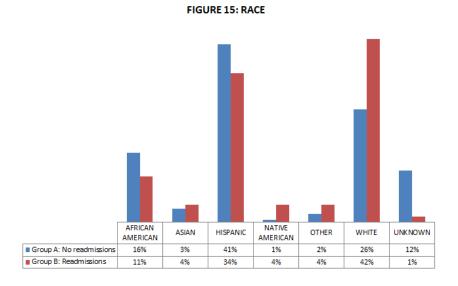




#### **SECTION 5.3: CLIENT DEMOGRAPHICS**







**TABLE 5: CLIENT'S LIVING SITUATION** 

Living Situation	Group A: No re	admissions	Group B: F	Readmissions
Board & Care Adult	12	3%	7	9%
Children's Shelter	1	0%	0	0%
Correctional Facility	2	1%	1	1%
Foster Home - Child	2	1%	0	0%
Group Home (Child Lvl 1-12)	7	2%	2	3%
Homeless/In Shelter	24	7%	5	7%
House or Apartment	187	52%	19	25%
House or Apt w/ Support	74	20%	14	18%
House/Apt w/Supv Daily/ILF	18	5%	7	9%
Inpatient Psych Hospital	0	0%	1	1%
Other	3	1%	1	1%
Other Supported Housing Pgm	2	1%	1	1%
Resid Tx Ctr-Child (Lvl 13-14)	2	1%	3	4%
Resid Tx/Crisis Ctr - Adult	12	3%	0	0%
SNF/ICF/IMD	3	1%	12	16%
Sub Abuse Resid Rehab Ctr	5	1%	3	4%
Unknown	9	2%	0	0%
Total	363	100%	76	100%

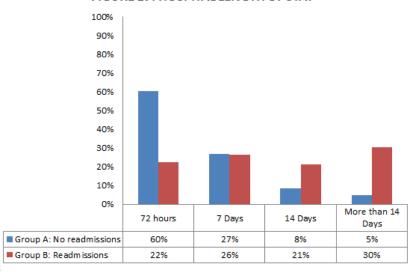
• At FFS hospitals readmissions seem to be more common in TAY who are female, are White, speak English, live in a house or apartment with support ,or live in an SNF/ICF/IMD.





#### **5.4: CLIENT LENGTH OF STAY**

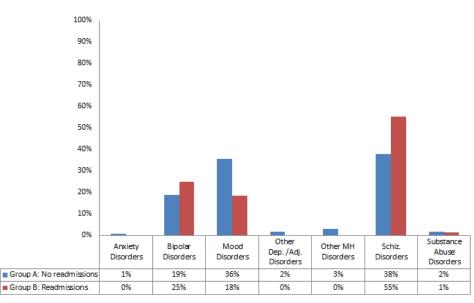
FIGURE 17: HOSPITAL LENGTH OF STAY

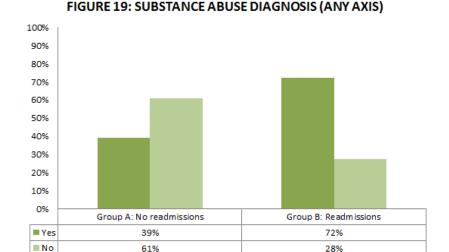




#### 5.5: CLIENT DIAGNOSIS INFORMATION

FIGURE 18: PRIORITY 1 MENTAL HEALTH DIAGNOSIS AT DISCHARGE





• At FFS hospitals TAY with readmissions have an average length of stay 14+ days, they struggle with a schiz. Disorder, and show higher incidences of substance abuse.





#### **5.6: YEARLY COST**

TABLE 6: COST FOR TAY AT FFS HOSPITALS

GROUPS	Client Count	Admissions	Acute Days	Acute %	Acute Cost	Admin Days	Admin %	Admin Cost	Bed Days %	Total Days	Total Cost	Percent	Cost P/P
Group A: No readmissions	363	432	1,783	92%	\$1,074,422	145	8%	\$74,218	46%	1,928	\$1,148,640.25	46%	\$3,164
Group B: Readmissions	76	305	2,101	93%	\$1,265,220	157	7%	\$80,360	54%	2,258	\$1,345,580.45	54%	\$17,705
Total	439	737	3,884		\$2,339,642	302		\$154,579		4,186	\$2,494,220.70	100%	

#### FIGURE 20: TOTAL COST OF INPATIENT STAY

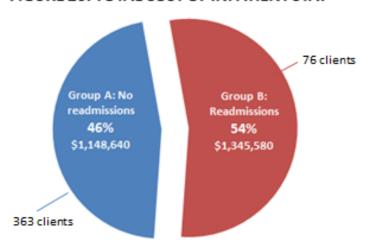
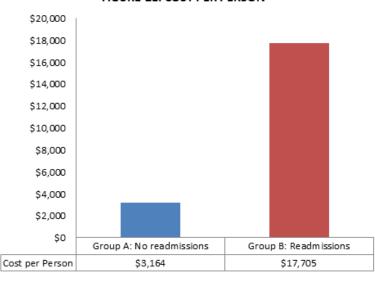


FIGURE 21: COST PER PERSON



- At FFS hospitals 83% of TAY that are hospitalized have no readmissions and account for 46% of the total yearly inpatient cost. The average yearly cost per person is \$3,164.
- At FFS hospitals 17% of TAY that are hospitalized have readmissions and account for 54% of the total yearly inpatient cost. The average yearly cost per person is \$17,705.



# **SECTION 6. CHILDREN (0-17) AT RADY'S CAPS**



#### 6.1: CHILDREN AT RADY'S CAPS (0-17) ADMISSIONS AND READMISSIONS

TABLE 7: NUMBER OF CLIENTS AND PERCENTAGE OF ADMISSIONS AND READMISSIONS BY GROUP

Groups	Clients	%	Admissions	%	
Group A: No readmissions	250	84%	288	69%	
Group B: Readmissions	48	16%	127	31%	
Totals	298	100%	415	100%	



FIGURE 22. CLIENTS AT CAPS (0-17)

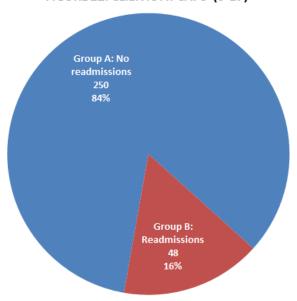
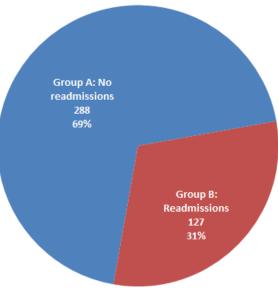


FIGURE 23: ADMISSIONS AT CAPS (0-17)



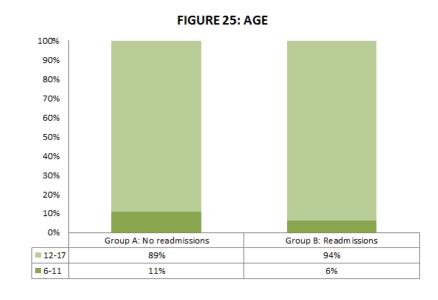
- 84% of children have no readmissions and account for 69% of total yearly hospital admissions.
- 16% of children have readmissions and account for 31% of total yearly hospital admissions.

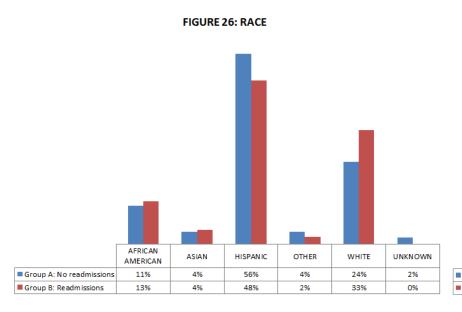


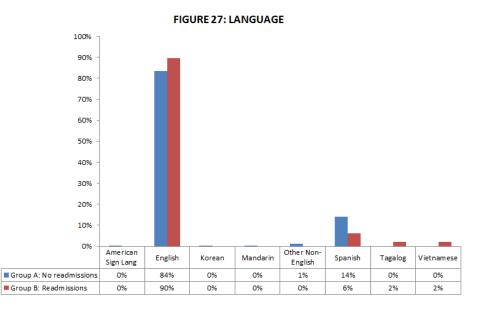


#### **6.3: CLIENT DEMOGRAPHICS**









• At Rady's CAPS readmissions seem to be more common in children who are female, are between the ages of 12 and 17, are Hispanic, and speak English.

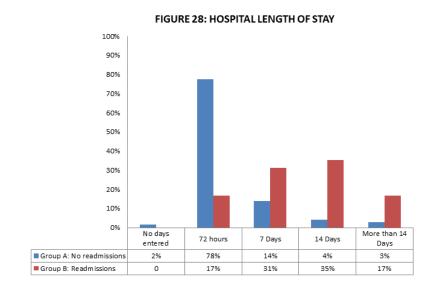




#### 6.4: CLIENT DEMOGRAPHICS CONT.

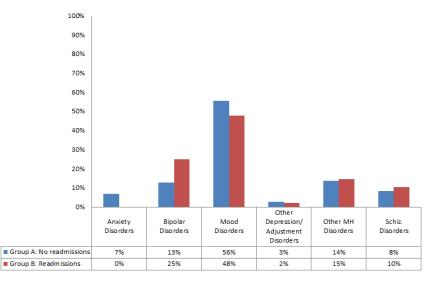
**TABLE 8: CLIENT'S LIVING SITUATION** 

Living Situation	Group A: No	readmissions	Group B: Read	dmissions
Board & Care Adult	1	0%	0	0%
Children's Shelter	3	1%	1	2%
Correctional Facility	9	4%	1	2%
Foster Home - Child	5	2%	0	0%
Group Home (Child Lvl 1-12)	19	8%	5	10%
Homeless/In Shelter	4	2%	0	0%
House or Apartment	183	73%	31	65%
House or Apt w/ Support	6	2%	1	2%
House/Apt w/Supv Daily/ILF	1	0%	0	0%
Inpatient Psych Hospital	0	0%	1	2%
Other	2	1%	0	0%
Resid Tx Ctr-Child (Lvl 13-14)	15	6%	7	15%
Resid Tx/Crisis Ctr - Adult	0	0%	0	0%
Sub Abuse Resid Rehab Ctr	2	1%	1	2%
Total	250	100.00%	48	100.00%

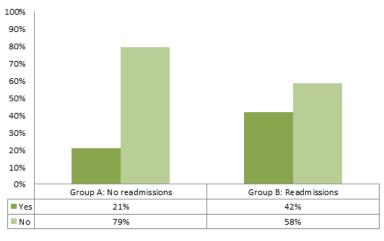


#### **6.6: CLIENT DIAGNOSIS INFORMATION**

#### FIGURE 29: PRIORITY 1 MENTAL HEALTH DIAGNOSIS AT DISCHARGE



#### FIGURE 30: SUBSTANCE ABUSE DIAGNOSIS (ANY AXIS)



• At Rady's CAPS readmissions seem to be more common in children who live in a group home or residential treatment facility. The average length of stay for these children is fourteen days long. They struggle with mood disorders and have a higher incidence of substance abuse diagnosis than children with no readmissions.





#### **6.7: YEARLY COST**

TABLE 9: COST FOR CHILDREN AT CAPS HOSPITAL

GROUPS	Client Count	Admissions	<b>Acute Days</b>	Acute %	Acute Cost	Admin Days	Admin %	Admin Cost	Bed Days %	<b>Total Days</b>	Total Cost	Percent	Cost P/P
Group A: No readmissions	246	281	677	83%	\$1,421,700	137	17%	\$287,700	62%	1,622	\$1,709,400	62%	\$6,949
Group B: Readmissions	48	124	444	89%	\$932,400	55	11%	\$115,500	38%	499	\$1,047,900	38%	\$21,831
TOTALS	294	405	1,121		\$2,354,100	192		\$403,200		2,121	\$2,757,300		

<sup>\*</sup> Note: There were 4 clients that did not have any acute nor admin days entered.

FIGURE 31: TOTAL COST OF INPATIENT STAY

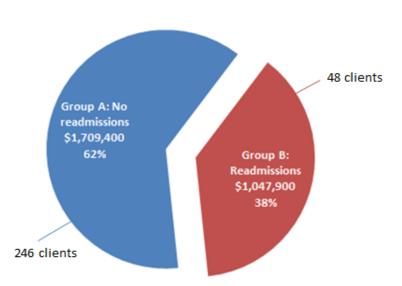
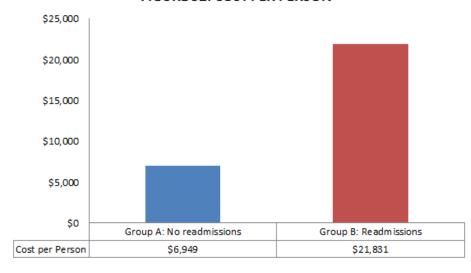


FIGURE 32: COST PER PERSON



- At Rady's CAPS 84% of children that are hospitalized have no readmissions and account for 62% of the total yearly inpatient cost. The average yearly cost per person is \$6,949.
- At Rady's CAPS 16% of children that are hospitalized have readmissions and account for 38% of the total yearly inpatient cost. The average yearly cost per person is \$21,831.



#### 7.1: TAY RADY'S CAPS (0-17) ADMISSIONS AND READMISSIONS

Table 10: TABLE 1: NUMBER OF CLIENTS AND PERCENTAGE OF ADMISSIONS AND READMISSIONS BY GROUP

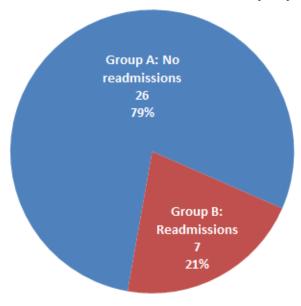
Groups	Clients	%	Admissions	%
Group A: No readmissions	26	93%	26	79%
Group B: Readmissions	2	7%	7	21%
Totals	28	100%	33	100%



Group A: No readmissions
26
93%

Group B:
Readmissions
2
7%

FIGURE 34: TAY ADMISSIONS AT CAPS (0-17)



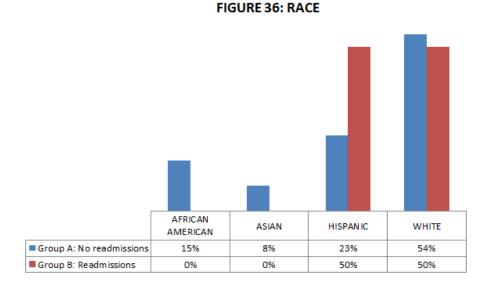
- 93% of TAY have no readmissions and account for 79% of total yearly hospital admissions.
- 7% of TAY have readmissions and account for 21% of total yearly hospital admissions.

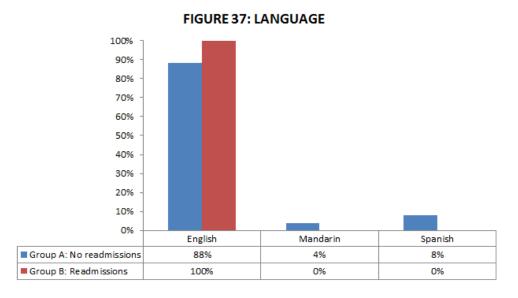




#### 7.3: CLIENT DEMOGRAPHICS

FIGURE 35: GENDER 100% 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% Group A: No readmissions Group B: Readmissions 69% 50% ■ FEMALE ■ MALE 31% 50%





**TABLE 11: CLIENT'S LIVING SITUATION** 

Living Situation	Group A: No re	admissions	Group B: Readmissions		
Correctional Facility	2	8%	0	0%	
Foster Home - Child	1	4%	0	0%	
House or Apartment	22	85%	2	100%	
Other	1	4%	0	0%	
Total	26	100%	2	100%	

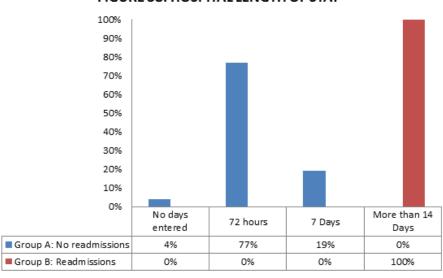
• At Rady's CAPS there were only 2 TAY with readmissions. The population size is too small to draw meaningful conclusions.





#### 7.4: CLIENT LENGTH OF STAY

FIGURE 38: HOSPITAL LENGTH OF STAY

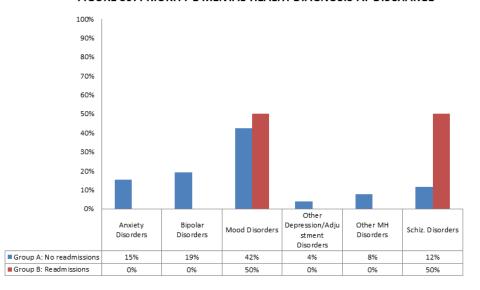




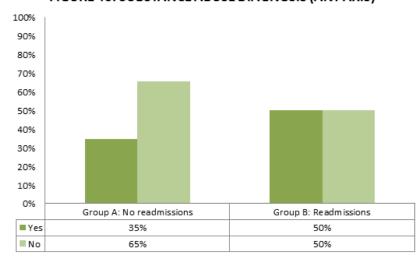


#### 7.5: CLIENT DIAGNOSIS INFORMATION

#### FIGURE 39: PRIORITY 1 MENTAL HEALTH DIAGNOSIS AT DISCHARGE



#### FIGURE 40: SUBSTANCE ABUSE DIAGNOSIS (ANY AXIS)



• At Rady's CAPS there were only 2 TAY with readmissions. The population size is too small to draw meaningful conclusions.



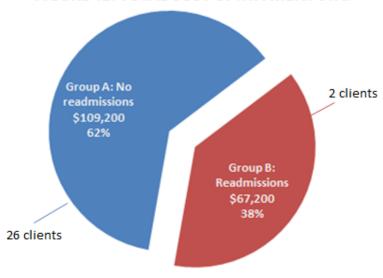


#### 7.6: YEARLY COST

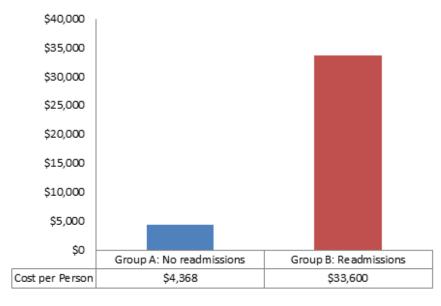
TABLE 12: COST FOR CHILDREN AT CAPS HOSPITALS

GROUPS	Client Count	Admissions	Acute Days	Acute %	Acute Cost	dmin Day	Admin %	Admin Cost	Bed Days %	Total Days	Total Cost	Percent	Cost P/P
Group A: No readmissions	25	25	52	100%	109,200	0	0.00%	\$0.00	62%	52	\$109,200	62%	\$4,368
Group B: Readmissions	2	7	32	96%	67,200	0	0.00%	\$0.00	38%	32	\$67,200	38%	\$33,600
TOTALS	27	32	84		176,400	0		<b>\$</b> 0	100%	84	\$176,400	100%	





#### FIGURE 42: COST PER PERSON



- At Rady's CAPS 93% of TAY that are hospitalized have no readmissions and account for 62% of the total yearly inpatient cost. The average yearly cost per person is \$4,368.
- At Rady's CAPS 7% of TAY that are hospitalized have readmissions and account for 38% of the total yearly inpatient cost. The average yearly cost per person is \$33,600.



# **SECTION 8. SIDE BY SIDE VIEW (FFS)**

# CHILDREN (0-17) AT FEE-FOR-SERVICE HOSPITALS

# Group A: no readmissions

- Gender
  - Female: 39%
  - Male: 61%
- Age
  - 6-11: 11%
  - 12-17: 89%
- Race
  - AA: 11%
  - H: 43%
  - WH: 35%
- Top 3 Diagnosis
  - · Bipolar dis: 14%
  - Mood dis: 65%
  - Other dis: 14%
- Substance Abuse Diagnosis
  - No: 84%
  - Yes: 16%
- Length of Stay
  - 72 hours: 61%
  - 7 days: 31%
  - 14 days: 7%
  - 14 + days: 1%

# Group B: readmissions

- Gender
  - Female: 57%
  - Male: 43%
- Age
  - 6-11: 16%
  - 12-17: 84%
- Race
  - AA: 20%
  - H:36%
  - WH: 38%
- Top 3 Diagnosis
  - · Bipolar dis: 25%
  - Mood dis: 44%
  - Other dis: 16%
- Substance Abuse Diagnosis
  - No: 72%
  - Yes: 28%
- Length of Stay
  - 72 hours: 7%
  - 7 days: 44%
  - 14 days: 39%
  - 14 + days: 10%





# TAY (18-24) AT FEE-FOR-SERVICE HOSPITALS

# Group A: no readmissions

- Gender
  - Female: 53%
  - Male: 47%
- Race
  - AA: 16%
  - H: 41%
  - WH: 26%
- Top 3 Diagnosis
  - · Bipolar dis: 19%
  - Mood dis: 36%
  - Schiz. dis: 38%
- Substance Abuse Diagnosis
  - No: 61%
  - Yes: 39%
- Length of Stay
  - 72 hours: 60%
  - 7 days: 27%
  - 14 days: 8%
  - 14 + days: 5%

# **Group B: readmissions**

- Gender
  - Female: 58%
  - Male: 42%
- Race
  - AA: 11%
  - H:34%
  - WH: 42%
- Top 3 Diagnosis
  - Bipolar dis: 25%
  - Mood dis: 18%
  - Schiz, dis: 55%
- Substance Abuse Diagnosis
  - No: 28%
  - Yes: 72%
- Length of Stay
  - 72 hours: 22%
  - 7 days: 26%
  - 14 days: 21%
  - 14 + days: 30%







# SECTION 9. SIDE BY SIDE VIEW (RADY'S CAPS)

# CHILDREN (0-17) AT RADY'S CAPS

### Group A: no readmissions

- Gender
  - Female: 58%
  - Male: 42%
- Age
  - 6-11: 11%
  - 12-17:89%
- Race
  - AA: 11%
  - H: 43%
  - WH: 35%
- Top 3 Diagnosis
  - Bipolar dis: 13%
  - Mood dis: 56%
  - Other dis: 14%
- Substance Abuse Diagnosis
  - No: 79%
  - Yes: 21%
- Length of Stay
  - 72 hours: 78%
  - 7 days: 14%
  - 14 days: 4%
  - 14 + days: 3%

#### Group B: readmissions

- Gender
  - Female: 58%
  - Male: 42%
- Age
  - 6-11: 90%
  - 12-17: 6%
- Race
  - AA: 13%
  - H: 48%
  - WH: 33%
- Top 3 Diagnosis
  - Bipolar dis: 25%
  - Mood dis: 48%
  - Other dis: 15%
- Substance Abuse Diagnosis
  - No: 58%
  - Yes: 42%
- Length of Stay
  - 72 hours: 17%
  - 7 days: 31%
  - 14 days: 35%
  - 14 + days: 17%



# TAY (18) AT RADY'S CAPS

# Group A: no readmissions

Gender

Female: 69%Male: 31%

Race

AA: 15%

H: 23%

WH: 50%

Top 3 Diagnosis

Anxiety: 15%

Bipolar dis: 19%

Mood dis: 42%

Substance Abuse Diagnosis

No: 65%

Yes: 35%

Length of Stay

72 hours: 77%

7 days: 19%

# Group B: readmissions

Gender

Female: 50%

Male: 50%

Race

H:50%

WH: 50%

Top 3 Diagnosis

Mood dis: 50%

Schiz. dis: 50%

Substance Abuse Diagnosis

No: 50%

Yes: 50%

Length of Stay

14 + days: 100%

Note: Unfortunately the TAY population at CAPS is too small to serve as the basis for drawing conclusions.





# **SECTION 10. SUMMARY**



#### **KEY FINDINGS**

- Mood disorders are the top AXIS I diagnosis both at FFS and Rady's CAPS children.
- For both TAY groups (FFS and Rady's CAPS) there is a higher prevalence of schizophrenic disorder and higher incidence of substance abuse.

#### **FFS**

FFS CHILDREN (0-17)	Children	Cost
Group A: No readmissions	376	\$936,564
Group B: Readmissions	14	\$577,412

- 14% of children have 30 day readmissions and they account for 38% of the total inpatient cost.
- Costs for children with 30 day readmissions are 3 times higher than costs for children with no readmissions.

FFS TAY (18-24)	TAY	Cost
Group A: No readmissions	363	\$1,148,640
Group B: Readmissions	76	\$1,345,580

- 17% of TAY have readmissions and they account for 54% of total inpatient cost.
- The cost per person for TAY with readmissions are approximately 6 times higher than for TAY with no readmissions.





#### Rady's CAPS

RADY'S CAPS CHILDREN (0-17)	Children	Cost
Group A: No readmissions	246	\$1,709,400
Group B: Readmissions	48	\$1,047,900

- 16% of children have 30 day readmissions and they account for 38% of the total inpatient costs.
- Costs for children with 30 day readmissions are 3 times higher than costs for children with no readmissions.

RADY'S CAPS TAY (18)	TAY	Cost
Group A: No readmissions	26	\$109,200
Group B: Readmissions	2	\$67,200

- 7% of TAY have readmissions and they account for 38% of the total of inpatient cost.
- The cost per person for TAY with readmissions are approximately 8 times higher than for TAY with no readmissions.



